

#### IV. Takeoffs, Landings, and Go-Arounds

<b>Task</b>	<b>M. Forward Slip to a Landing (ASEL, ASES)</b>
<b>References</b>	FAA-H-8083-2, FAA-H-8083-3; POH/AFM; AIM
<b>Objective</b>	To determine that the applicant exhibits satisfactory knowledge, risk management, and skills associated with a forward slip to a landing.
<b>Knowledge</b>	The applicant demonstrates understanding of:
<i>PA.IV.M.K1</i>	Concepts of energy management during a forward slip approach.
<i>PA.IV.M.K2</i>	Effects of atmospheric conditions, including wind, on approach and landing performance.
<i>PA.IV.M.K3</i>	Wind correction techniques during forward slip.
<i>PA.IV.M.K4</i>	When and why a forward slip approach is used during an approach.
<b>Risk Management</b>	The applicant demonstrates the ability to identify, assess and mitigate risks, encompassing:
<i>PA.IV.M.R1</i>	Selection of runway or approach path and touchdown area based on pilot capability, airplane performance and limitations, available distance, and wind.
<i>PA.IV.M.R2</i>	Effects of:
<i>PA.IV.M.R2a</i>	a. Crosswind
<i>PA.IV.M.R2b</i>	b. Windshear
<i>PA.IV.M.R2c</i>	c. Tailwind
<i>PA.IV.M.R2d</i>	d. Wake turbulence
<i>PA.IV.M.R2e</i>	e. Landing surface/condition
<i>PA.IV.M.R3</i>	Planning for:
<i>PA.IV.M.R3a</i>	a. Go-around and rejected landing
<i>PA.IV.M.R3b</i>	b. Land and hold short operations (LAHSO)
<i>PA.IV.M.R4</i>	Collision hazards, to include aircraft, terrain, obstacles, wires, vehicles, vessels, persons, and wildlife.
<i>PA.IV.M.R5</i>	Low altitude maneuvering including stall, spin, or CFIT.
<i>PA.IV.M.R6</i>	Distractions, loss of situational awareness, or improper task management.
<i>PA.IV.M.R7</i>	Forward slip operations, including fuel flowage, tail stalls with flaps, and lack of airspeed control.
<i>PA.IV.M.R8</i>	Surface contact with the airplane's longitudinal axis misaligned.
<i>PA.IV.M.R9</i>	Unstable approach.
<b>Skills</b>	The applicant demonstrates the ability to:
<i>PA.IV.M.S1</i>	Complete the appropriate checklist.
<i>PA.IV.M.S2</i>	Make radio calls as appropriate.
<i>PA.IV.M.S3</i>	Plan and follow a flightpath to the selected landing area considering altitude, wind, terrain, and obstructions.
<i>PA.IV.M.S4</i>	Select the most suitable touchdown point based on wind, landing surface, obstructions, and airplane limitations.
<i>PA.IV.M.S5</i>	Position airplane on downwind leg, parallel to landing runway.
<i>PA.IV.M.S6</i>	Configure the airplane correctly.
<i>PA.IV.M.S7</i>	As necessary, correlate crosswind with direction of forward slip and transition to sideslip before touchdown.
<i>PA.IV.M.S8</i>	Touch down at a proper pitch attitude, within 400 feet beyond or on the specified point, with no side drift, and with the airplane's longitudinal axis aligned with and over the runway center/landing path.
<i>PA.IV.M.S9</i>	Maintain a ground track aligned with the runway center/landing path.